

# Towards High-Throughput Transposable Element Markers for Barley

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*International Triticeae Mapping Initiative - COST Action Tritigen*

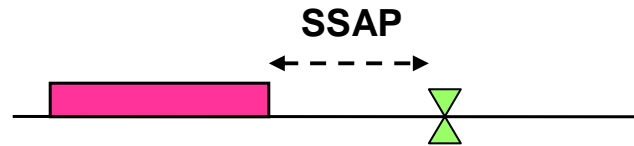
Joint Workshop 2009 - Clermont-Ferrand, FRANCE

August 31th - September 4th 2009

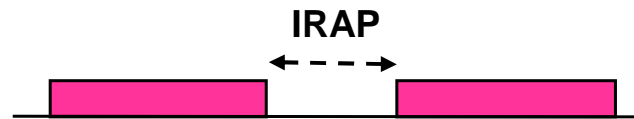
# High-Throughput Markers based on TEs insertions

- The main goal is to create **new molecular markers**
- Help span gene-poor segments of the genome where component BAC clones may be fully lacking in genes
- Help to assemble physical maps and their linkage to genetic maps to facilitate the assembly of the genome sequences
- Development of high-throughput marker methods based on **Transposable Elements insertions in barley**

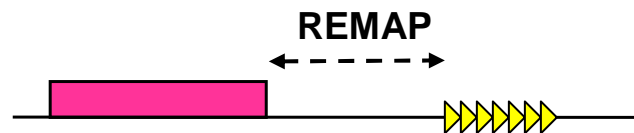
# Transposable element-Based Marker Assays



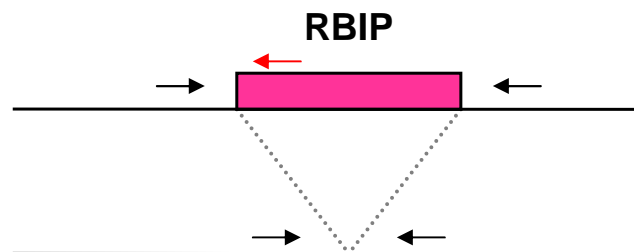
Measure the distance from the transposon to a restriction site



Measure the distance from one transposon to another



Measure the distance from the transposon to a microsatellite



Detect presence and absence of the transposon by PCR

# High-Throughput Markers based on TE insertions

Create **DNA libraries** for different barley varieties



Synthesize **biotinylated oligos** for short TEs



**Capture & Sequence**



Re-build sequence TE + flanks



Check insertion **polymorphism** by comparing sequence sets



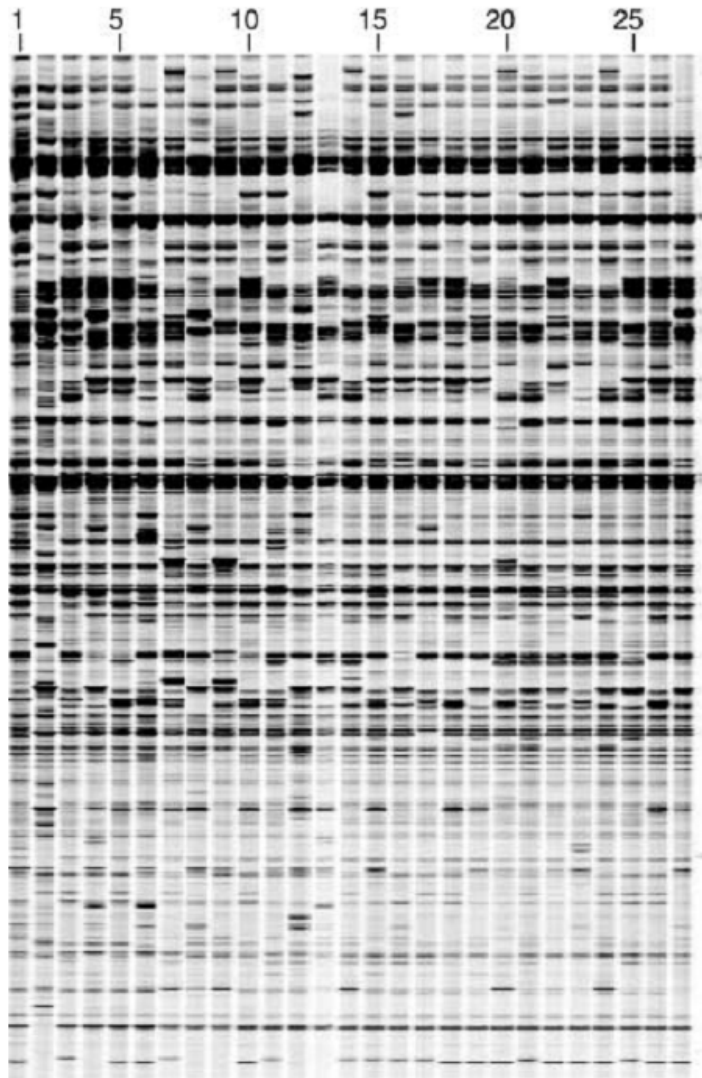
Design PCR primers for **molecular markers** (insertion / empty site)

# MITEs



- **Miniature Inverted-repeat Transposable elements**
- **Small TEs** (usually <500 base pairs)
- Containing short **Terminal Inverted Repeats (TIRs)**
- In high copy numbers
- Evolutionary studies suggest that some MITEs in plant and animal genomes have spread recently

# MITEs



**Table 1.** Distribution of simple sequence repeat (SSR) and miniature inverted-repeat transposable element (MITE)-amplified fragment length polymorphism (AFLP) loci in the barley genome.

Chromosome	Density	cM/locus	No. of mapped loci			
			SSR	<i>Stowaway</i>	<i>Barfly</i>	<i>Pangrangia</i>
1H	9.6	191.1/20	3	8	4	5
2H	5.5	235.4/43	4	10	12	17
3H	3.4	162.8/48	11	12	12	13
4H	3.5	118.2/34	5	11	11	7
5H	4.3	194.0/45	5	14	13	13
6H	4.2	109.8/26	3	10	4	9
7H	4.0	153.3/38	9	14	12	3
Total	4.6	1164.5/254	40	79	68	67

## MITE-AFLP mapping

Takahashi *et al.*, Genome 2006

The MITE-based loci efficiently covered the barley genome

## Inter-MITE polymorphism

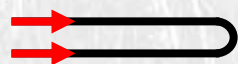
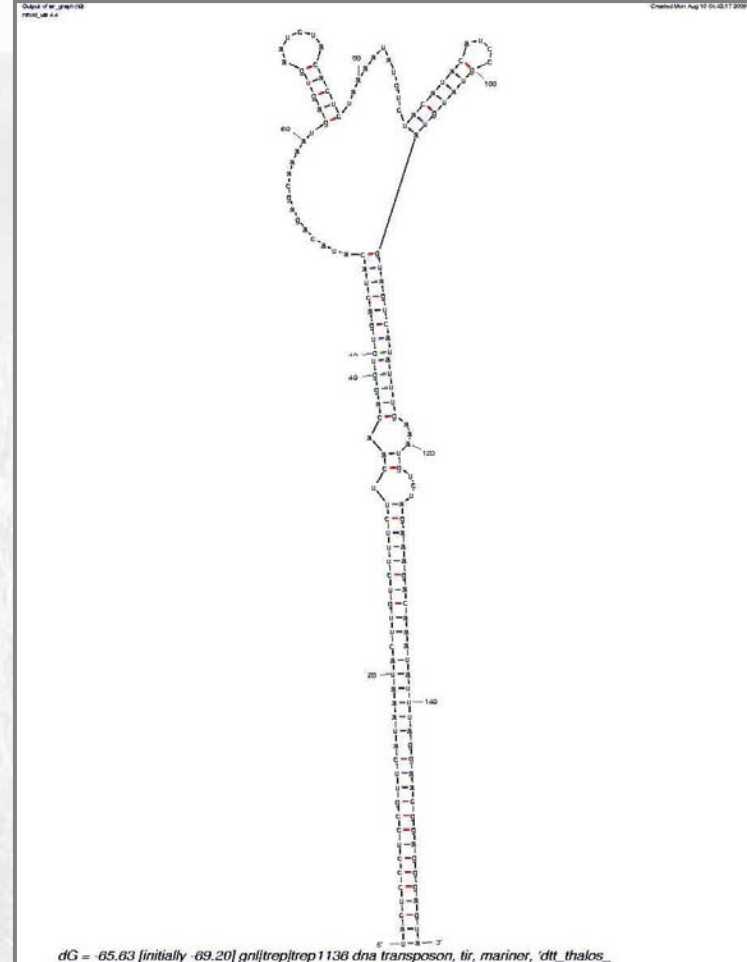
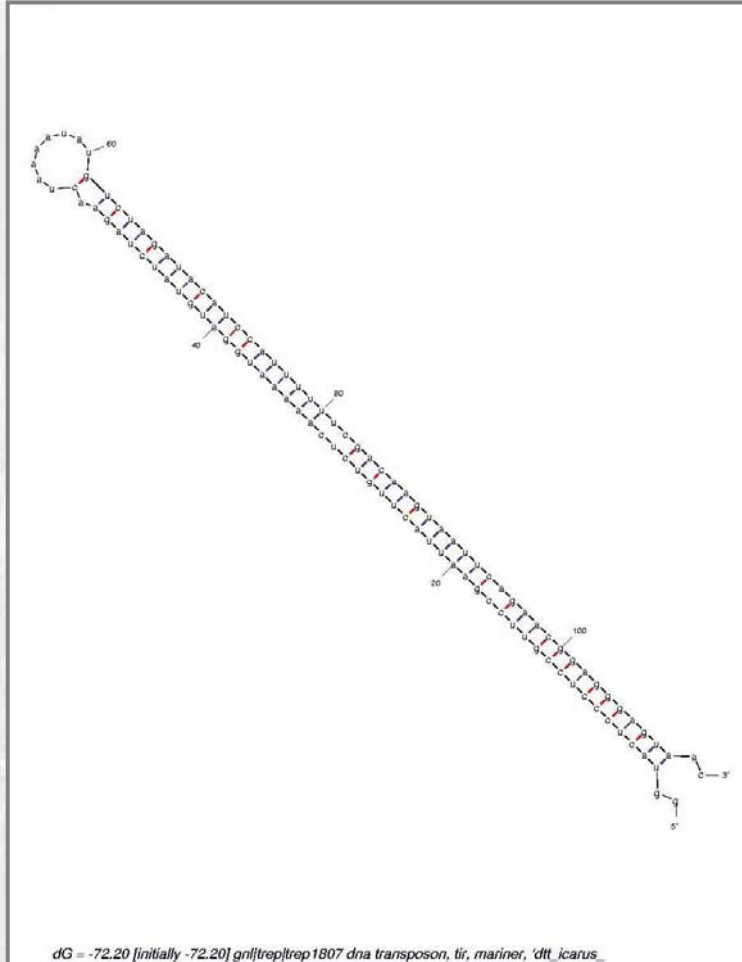
Chang *et al.*, TAG 2001

# MITEs

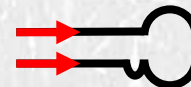


- **PCR amplification can span MITE insertion**
- Easier to visualize and score on gel
- **TREP Database :**
  - List of potential short elements
- Particular structure

# MITEs in Barley



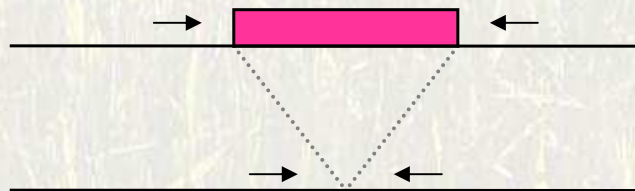
"perfect" MITE



"degenerated" MITE

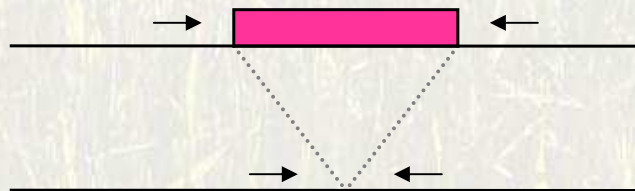
# Strategy

1. Libraries of single-stranded genomic DNA of barleys
2. Design biotinylated baits for MITE capture
3. Capture on streptavidin beads
4. Design primers for polymorphic insertions



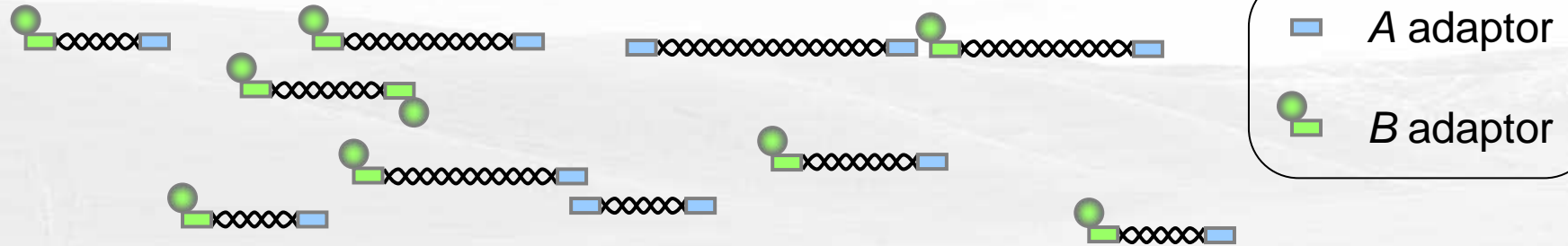
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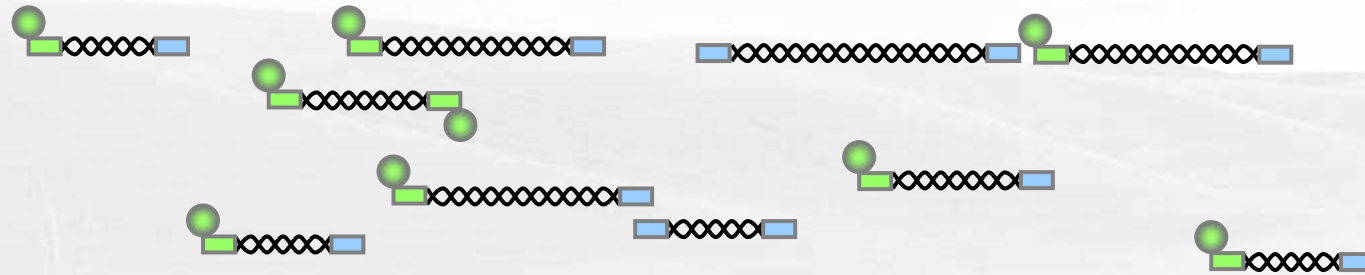


# sst DNA Libraries



Add adaptors *A* and *B* for 454 sequencer  
*B* adaptor is biotinylated  
*A* adaptor is tagged

# sst DNA Libraries

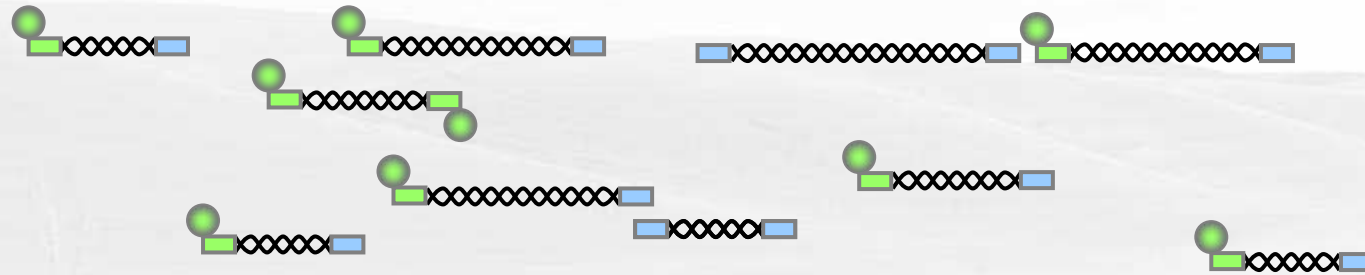


— A adaptor  
— B adaptor



Add Streptavidin beads

# sst DNA Libraries

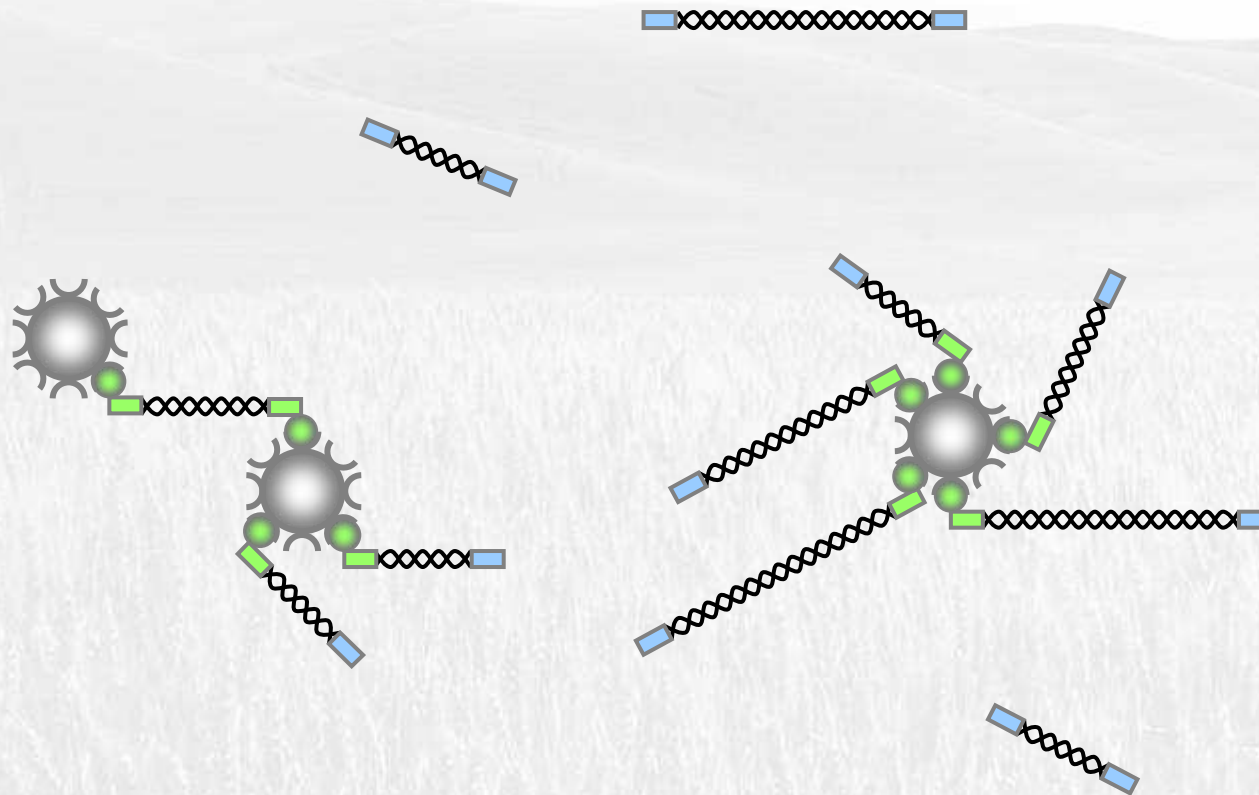


— A adaptor  
— B adaptor



Biotinylated DNA captured

# sst DNA Libraries

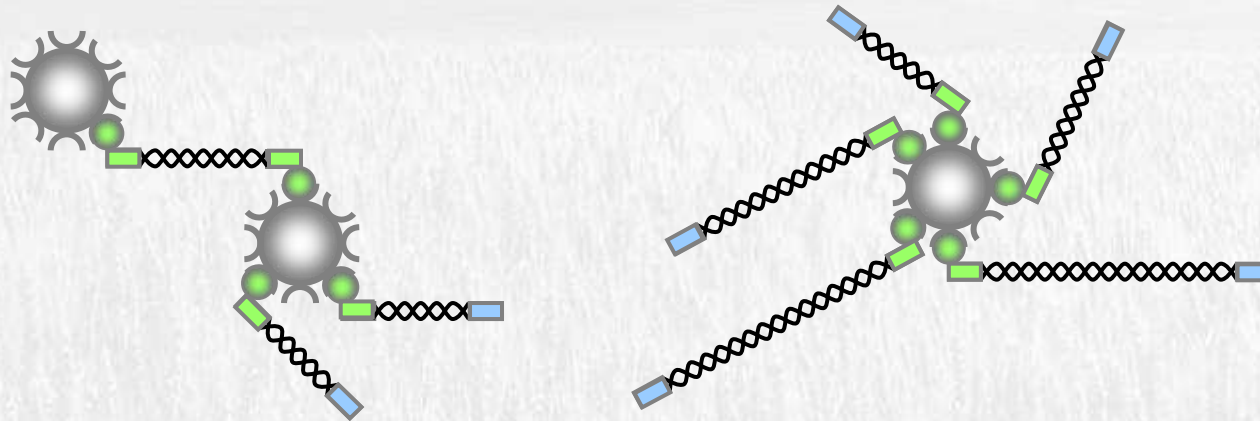


Wash to remove all A-A molecules

# sst DNA Libraries

— A adaptor

● B adaptor

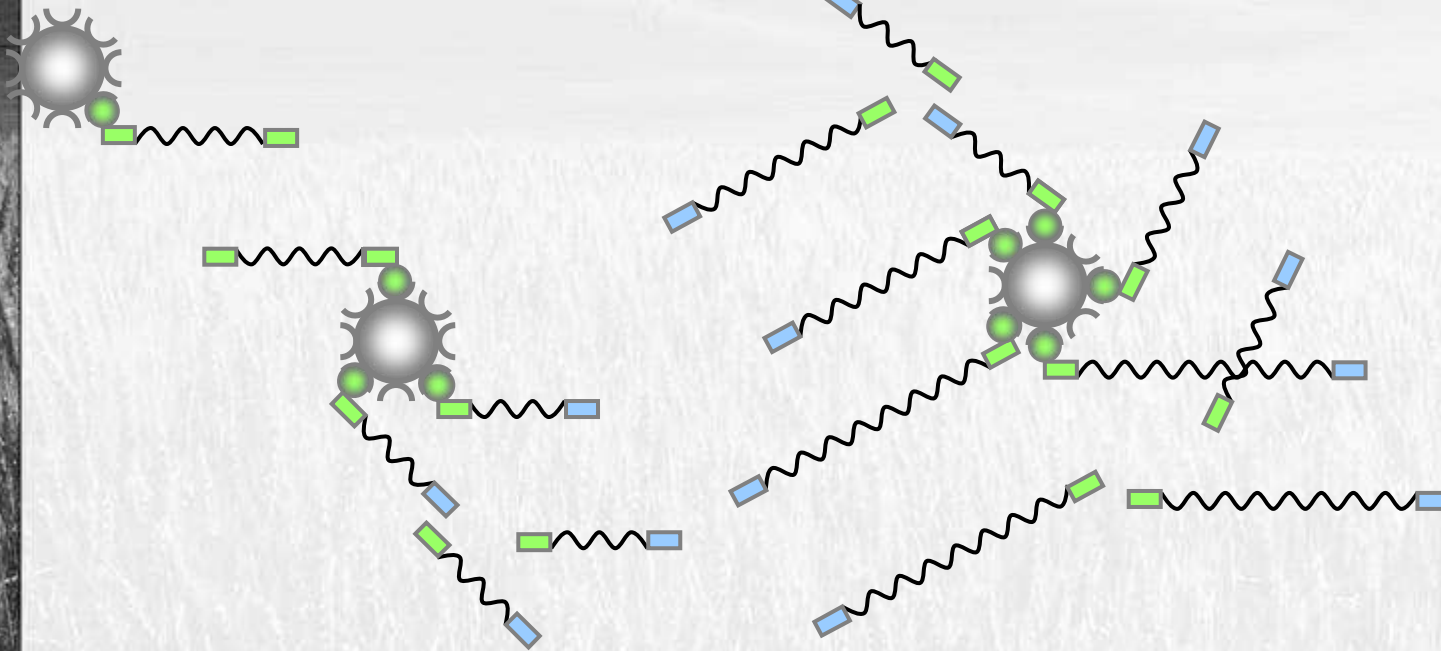


Denaturation

# sst DNA Libraries

■ A adaptor

● B adaptor

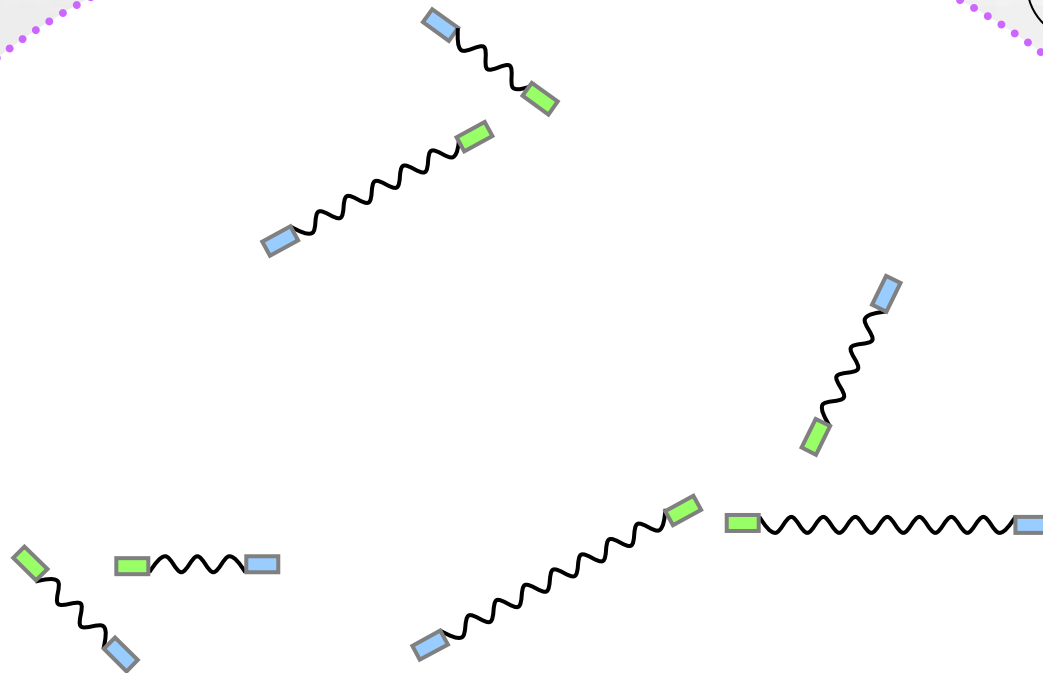


Remove Streptavidin beads  
= remove *B-B* and *A-B* molecules

# sst DNA Libraries

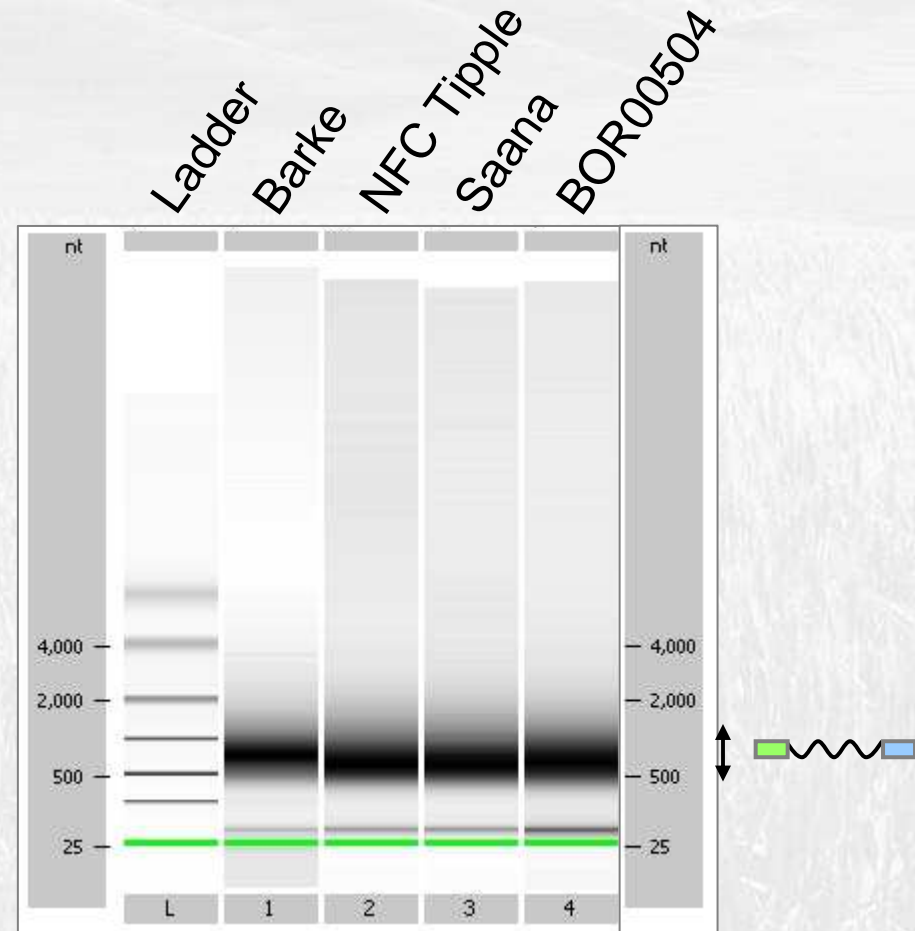
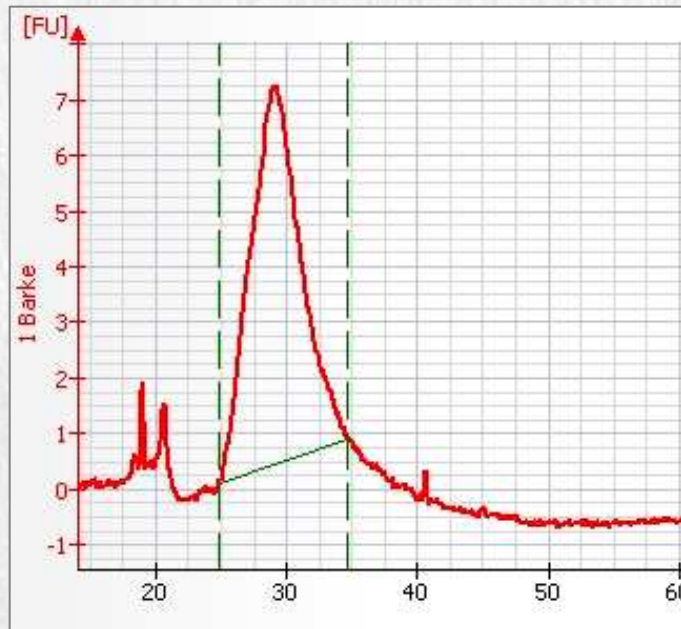
- A adaptor
- B adaptor

sst DNA libraries of *A-B* single-stranded molecules



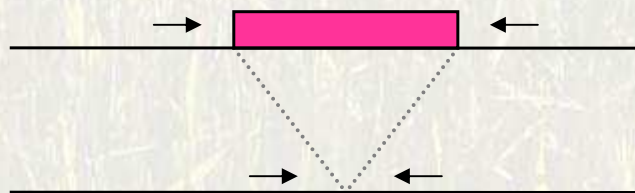
# sst DNA Libraries

Checking quality with Bioanalyzer



# Strategy

1. Libraries of single-stranded genomic DNA of barleys
- 2. Design biotinylated baits for MITE capture**
3. Capture on streptavidin beads
4. Design primers for polymorphic insertions



# Short TEs in Barley

- **in BAC clones :**
  - NCBI databases : 82 BAC clones = 3.7Mbp
  - Search 49 TE families (size < 1Kbp)
    - ➔ 59 copies full-length with flanks
  
- **in Bac End Sequences :**
  - Search 25 TEs

	Sequences	bp	MITE hits
BES Arizona	140,907	99,040,801	930
BES Udine_A	44,865	22,946,912	257
BES Udine_B	74,549	52,018,370	292
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>260,321</b>	<b>174,006,083</b>	<b>1,479</b>

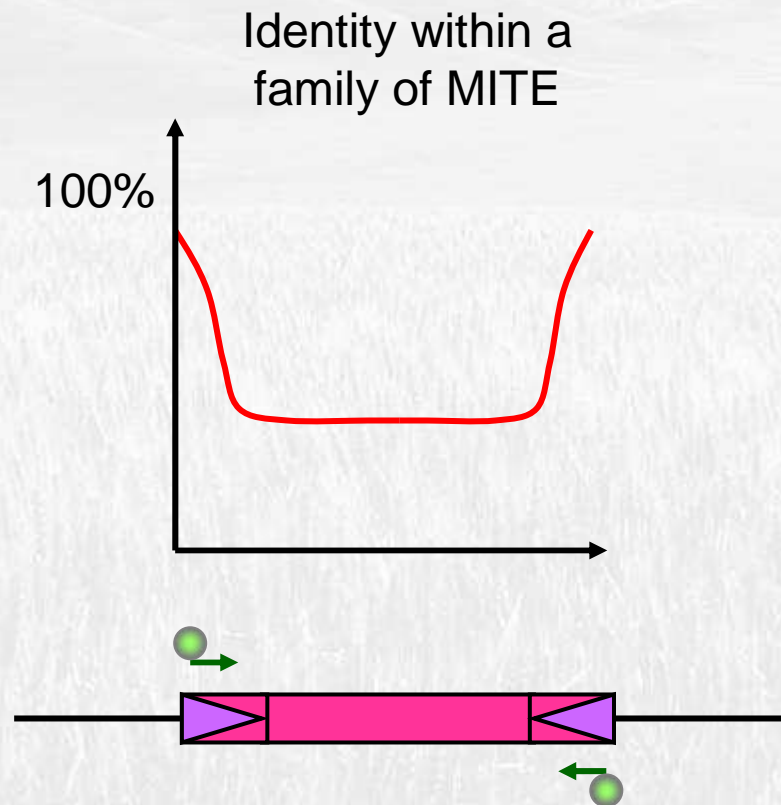
# Short TEs in Barley

TEs	Size (bp)	BES Arizona	BES Udine A	BES Udine B	hits in BES	Copies in Barley ?
Belus	177	0	0	0	0	0
Gorgon	66	0	0	0	0	0
Hercules	239	1	0	0	1	50
Polyphemus	241	0	0	1	1	50
Mordred	203	2	0	0	2	100
Jorge	211	2	1	0	3	150
Antonio	108	4	1	0	5	250
Jura	416	2	3	0	5	250
Coeus	273	6	1	1	8	400
Fortuna	316	6	2	2	10	500
Jason	260	6	3	1	10	500
Harbinger	134	11	0	0	11	550
Islay	274	7	1	3	11	550
Phoebus	319	9	2	4	15	750
<b>Orpheus</b>	<b>272</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>900</b>
Xenon	310	13	5	4	22	1,100
<b>Eos/Barfly</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>1,550</b>
Stolos	259	22	1	8	31	1,550
<b>Pluto</b>	<b>276</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>2,600</b>
Skiron	93	30	12	16	58	2,900
<b>Kerberos</b>	<b>285</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>3,050</b>
Oleus	150	45	21	18	84	4,200
<b>Xados</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>4,350</b>
<b>Icarus</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>7,300</b>
<b>Thalos</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>807</b>	<b>40,350</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>930</b>	<b>257</b>	<b>292</b>	<b>1,479</b>	<b>73,950</b>

# Baits for MITE capture

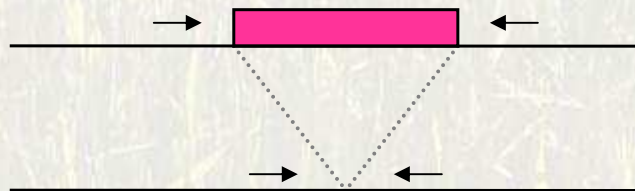
- Design oligos

<u>MITE</u>	<u>Size (bp)</u>
Jura	400
Talisker	270
Islay	275
Athos	85-120
Orpheus	272
Eos/Barfly	354
Pluto	276
Kerberos	285
Icarus/Xados	117
Thalos	165

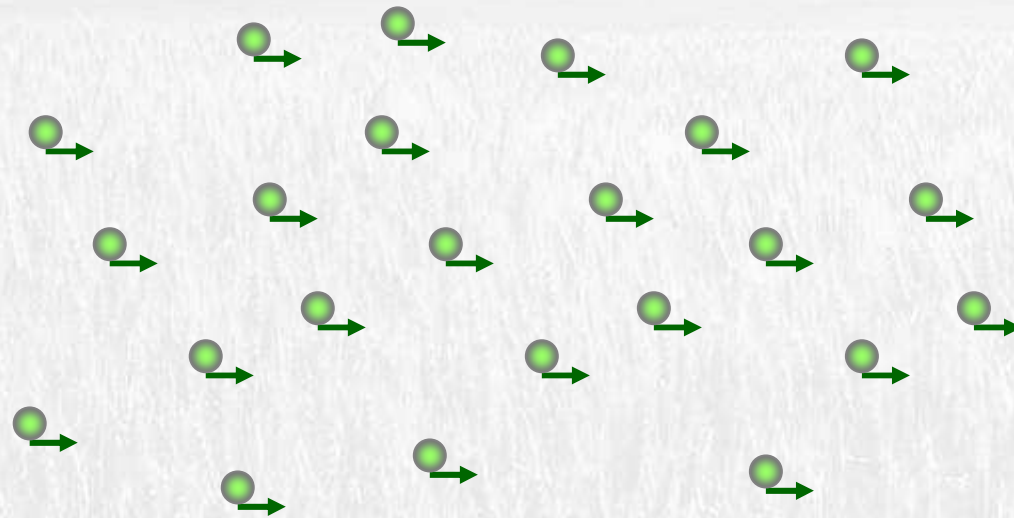


# Strategy

1. Libraries of single-stranded genomic DNA of barleys
2. Design biotinylated baits for MITE capture
- 3. Capture on streptavidin beads**
4. Design primers for polymorphic insertions

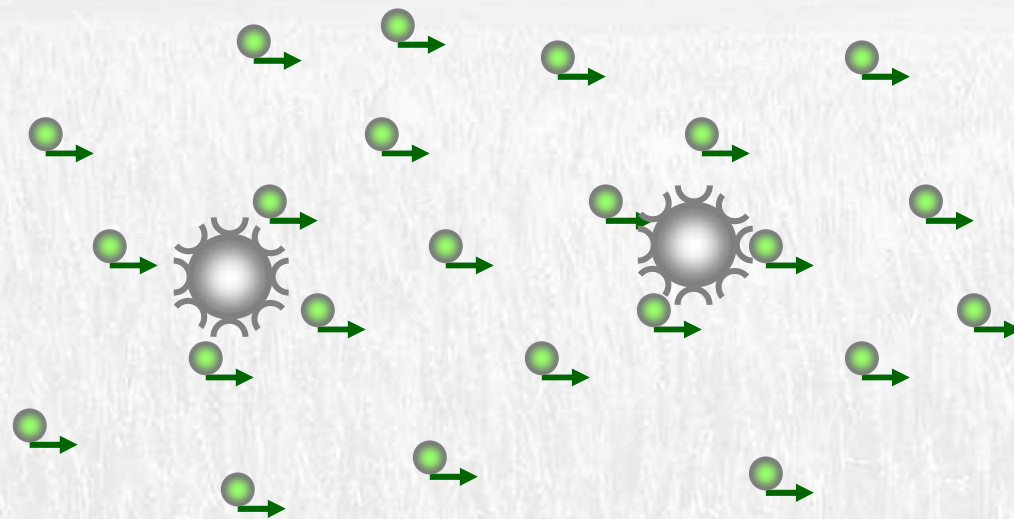


# Capture



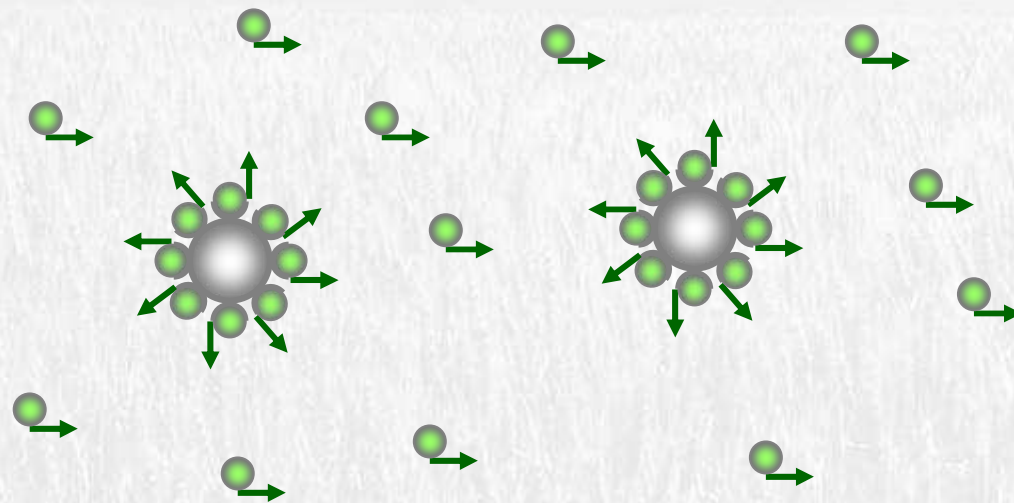
Oligos biotinylated

# Capture



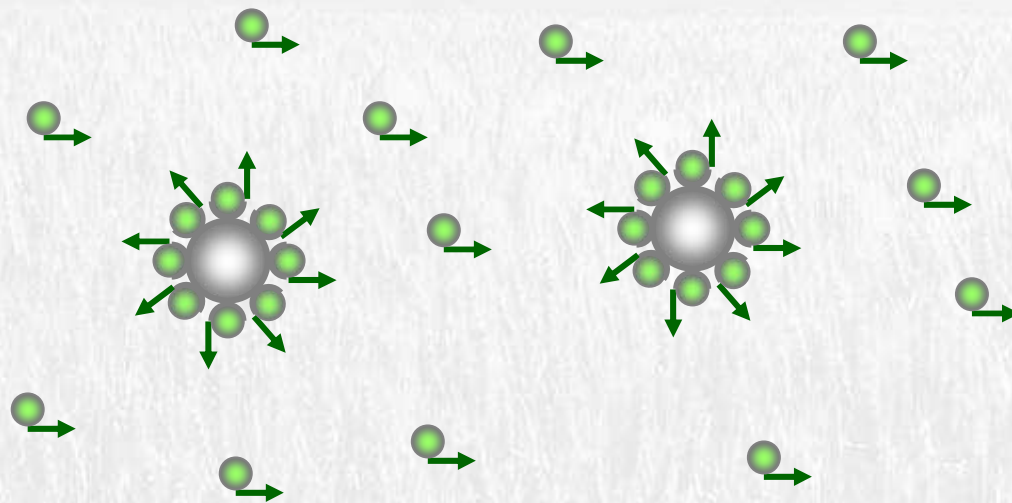
Add streptavidin beads

# Capture



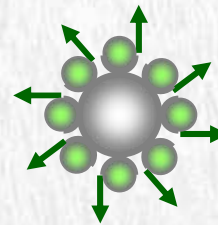
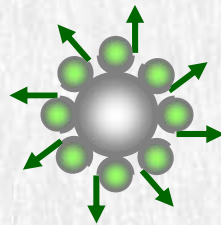
Add streptavidin beads

# Capture



Wash

# Capture

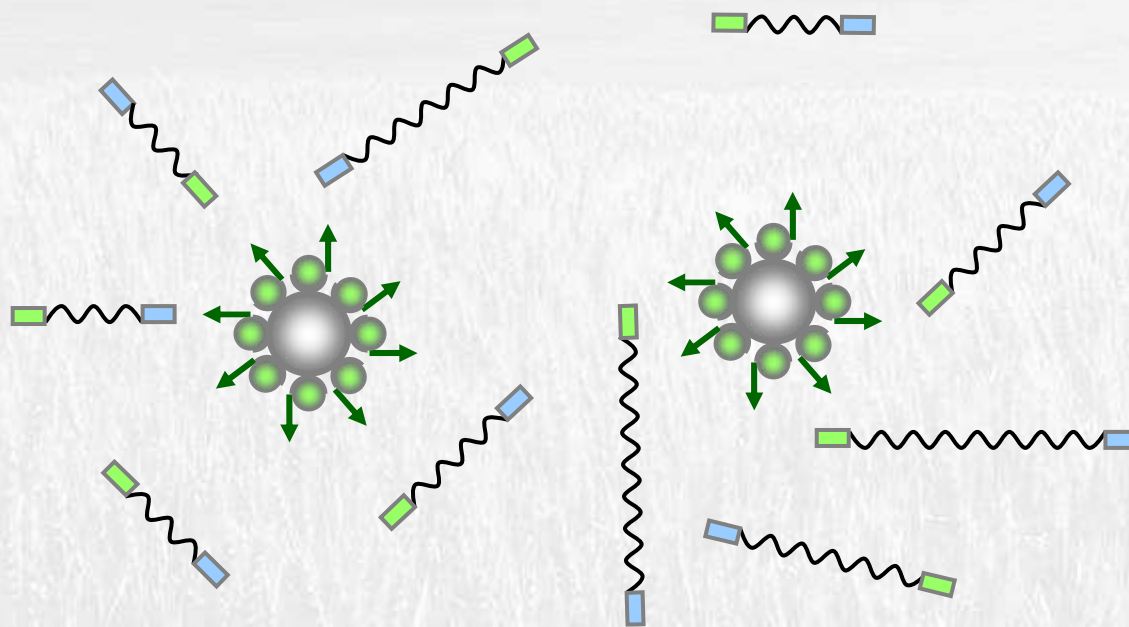


Wash

# Capture

■ A adaptor

■ B adaptor

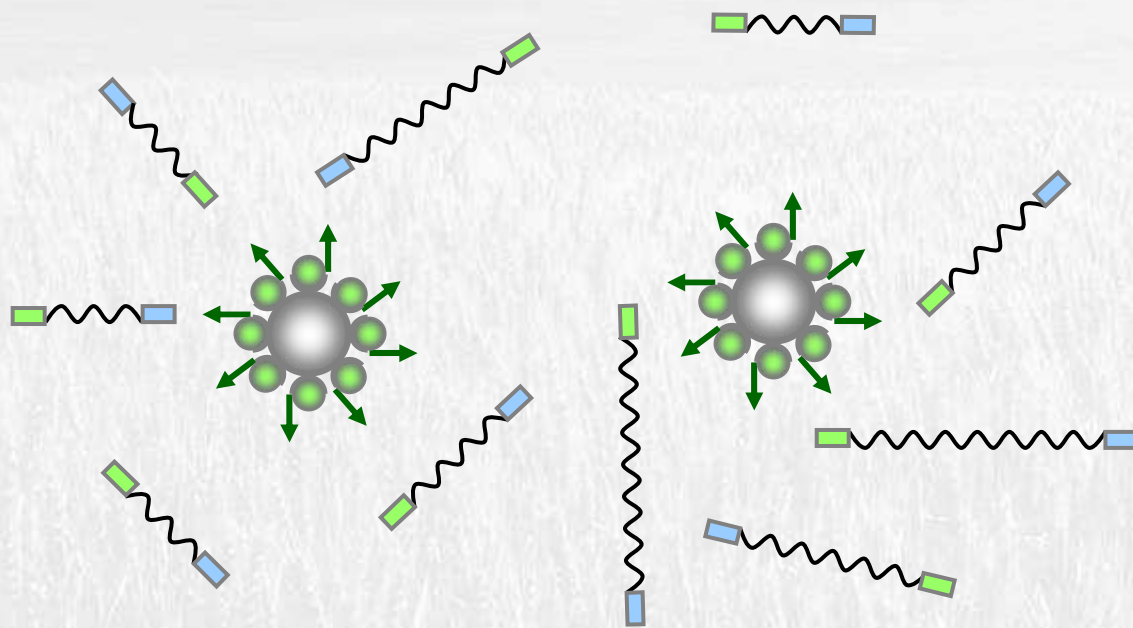


Add sstDNA library

# Capture

■ A adaptor

■ B adaptor

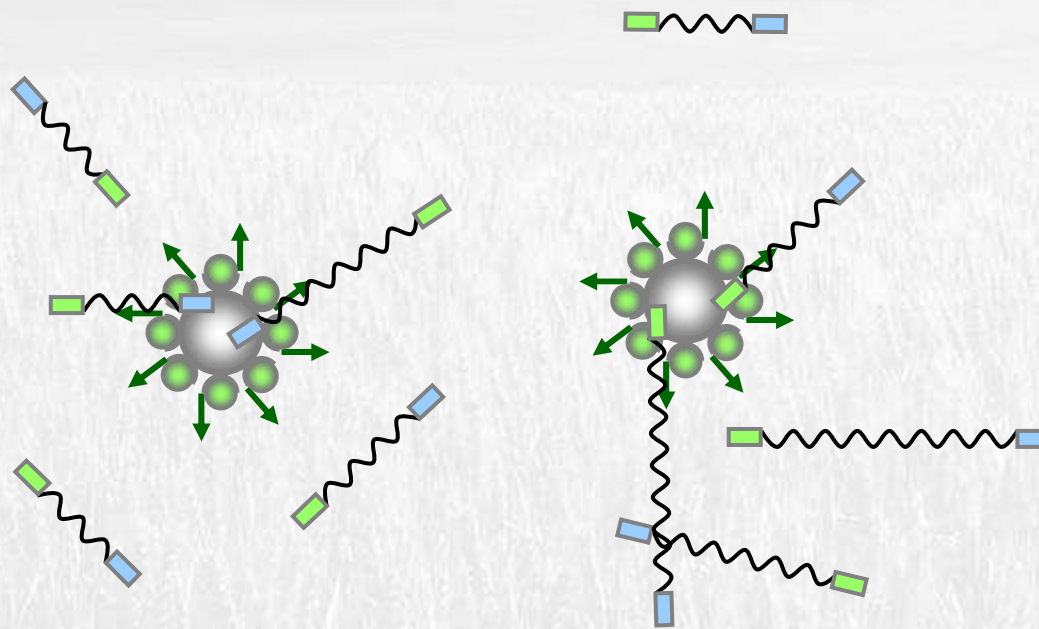


Hybridization

# Capture

■ A adaptor

■ B adaptor

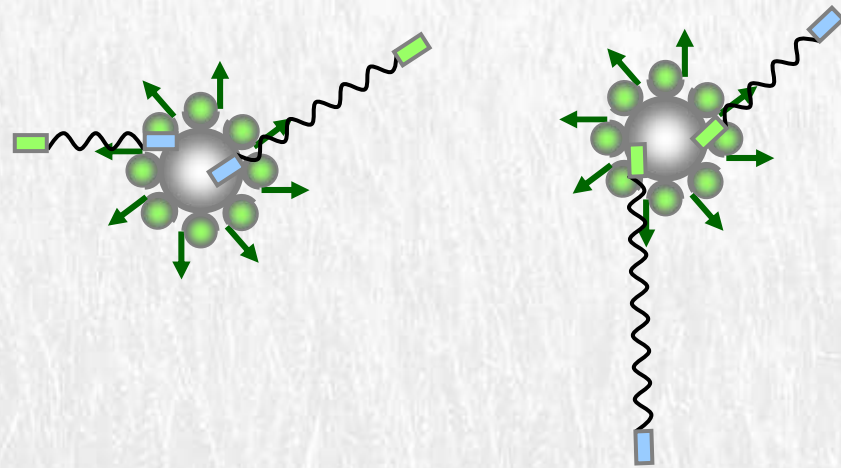


Wash

# Capture

■ A adaptor

■ B adaptor



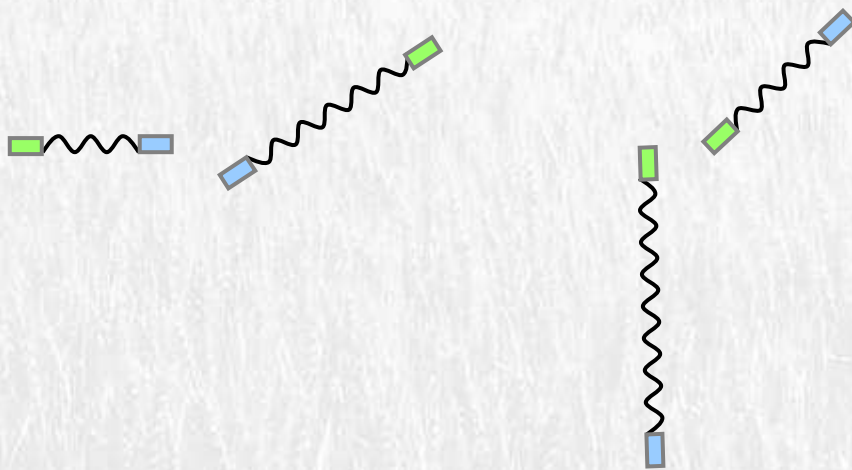
Denaturation & Elution



# Capture

■ A adaptor

■ B adaptor

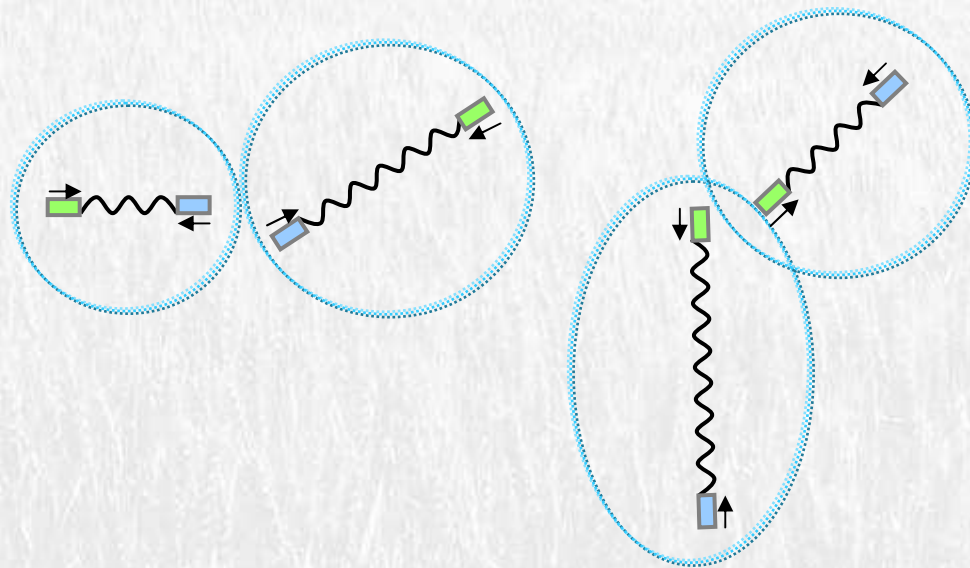


Emulsion PCR & 454 Sequencing

# Capture

■ A adaptor

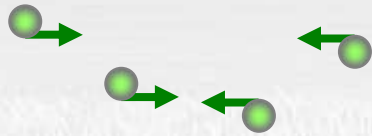
■ B adaptor



Emulsion PCR & 454 Sequencing

# Capture

Capture using oligos

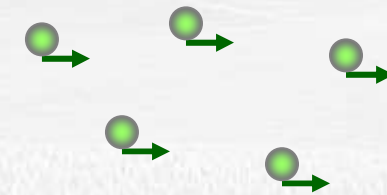


consensus oligos (~30nt)

# Capture using oligos

- Capture using consensus oligos (~30nt)

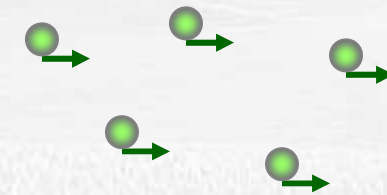
– Get 29,776 sequences (~200bp)



<u>MITE</u>	<u>Size (bp)</u>	<u>Sequences</u>
Jura	400 bp	52
Talisker	270bp	24
Islay	275 bp	10
Athos	85-120 bp	104

# Capture using oligos

- Capture using consensus oligos (~30nt)
  - Get 29,776 sequences (~200bp)

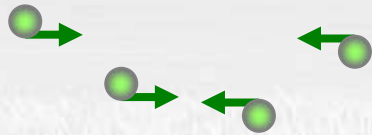


<u>MITE</u>	<u>Sequences</u>
Jura	52
Tali	24
Islay	10
Athos	104

***Not specific enough***

# Capture using oligos

Capture using oligos

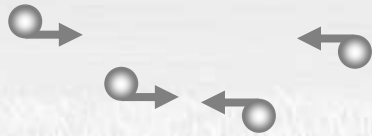


Not specific enough



# Capture using PCR products

Capture using oligos



Not specific enough

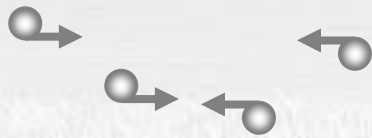


Capture using  
PCR products



# Capture using PCR products

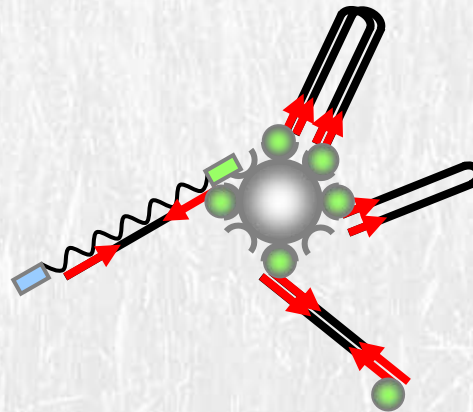
Capture using oligos



Not enough specific



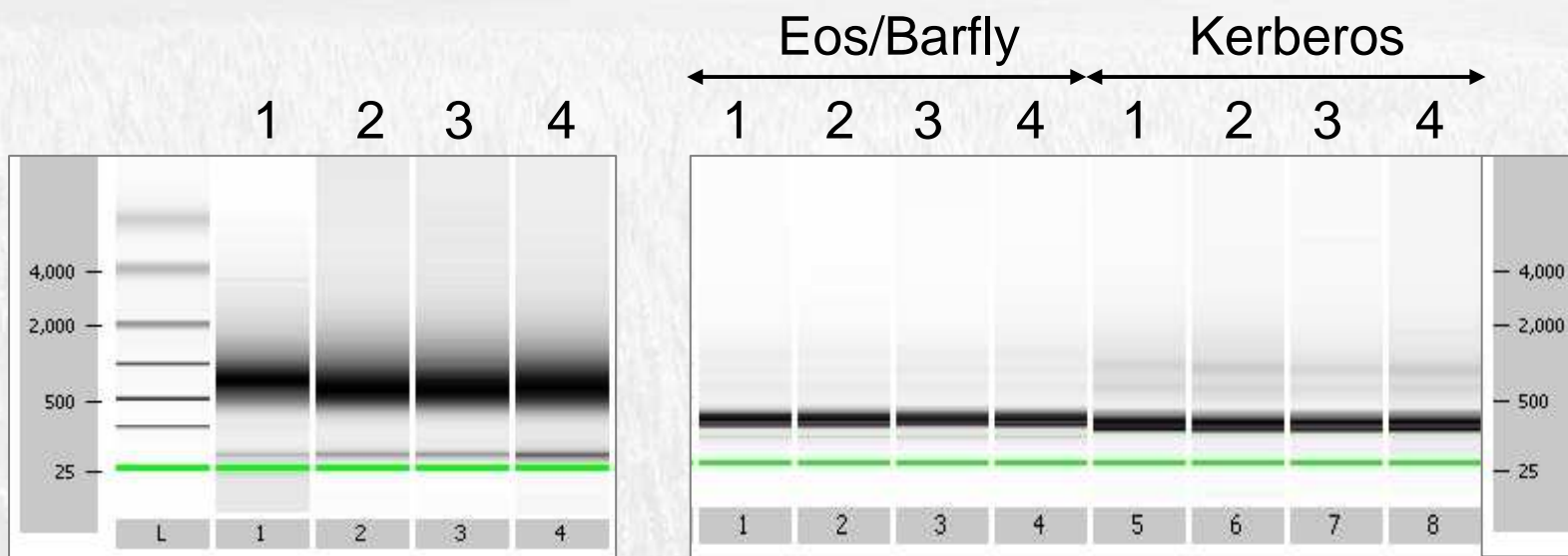
Capture using PCR products



# Capture using PCR products

Capture using PCR products

- 1- Barke
- 2- NFC Tipple
- 3- Saana
- 4- BOR00504



sst DNA Libraries

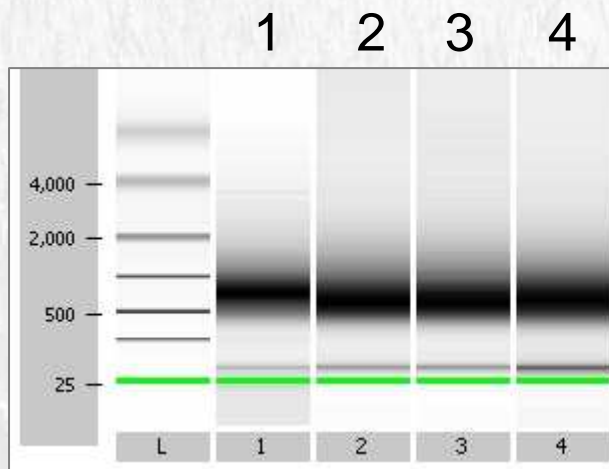
sstDNA captured



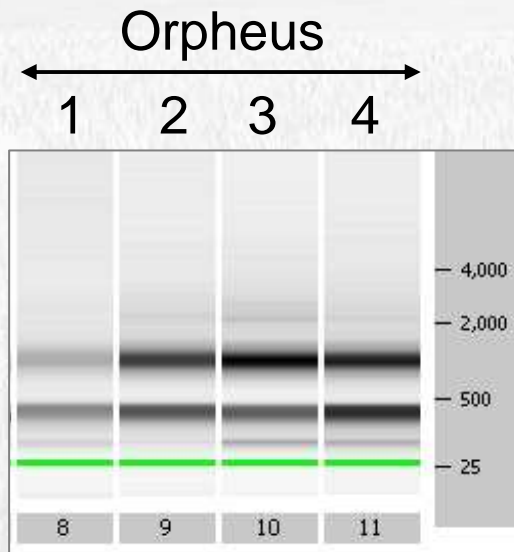
# Capture using PCR products

Capture using PCR products

- 1- Barke
- 2- NFC Tipple
- 3- Saana
- 4- BOR00504



sst DNA Libraries



sstDNA captured



# Capture using PCR products

Capture using  
PCR products



Hairpin



Prevent capture of  
targeted sstDNA

Self Hybridization



PCR product still  
present in the final  
elution



454 sequencer



# Capture using PCR products

Capture using PCR products



Hairpin



Self Hybridization



Prevent capture of targeted sstDNA



PCR product still present in the final elution

PCR product digestion  
Exonuclease 3'-5'



Capture using  
RNA/DNA hybridization



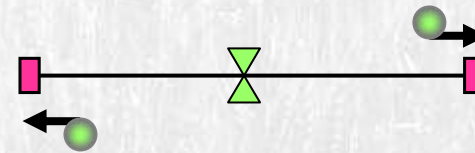
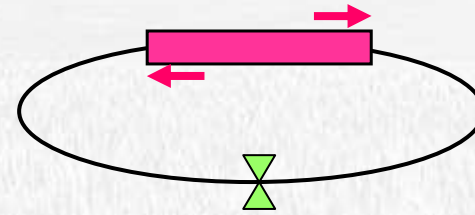
# Improvement

Capture using  
RNA/DNA hybridization



Should prevent remaining  
biotinylated PCR product in the  
final elution

Inverted PCR

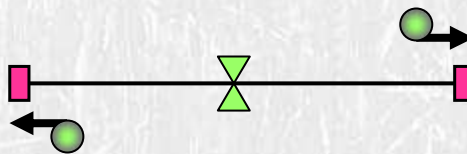


# Inverted PCR

>s975\_01\_a01\_001.seq\_ **Jura\_Sdul**:191

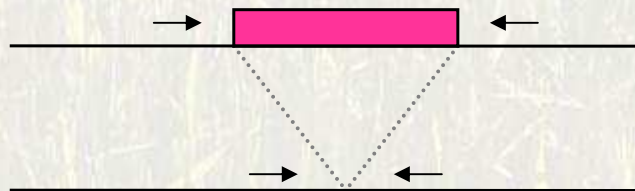
**CTTCGAAAATTCTTTGTTATCAAACAGGGCCT**aaagccaatagcatgcaacagtcacgccactcagtcaa  
ggactccatcaatgcttgaatctctgaatttctccaagttgtaacttattaccaacttcgaatcgtgaaatagagtttagtaacttgg  
aggatatattggaagaggaagccaaagtgct**X**cgttcatctgtattatgcaaactgaaaccagctcattcattttggaagcgaa  
ctgaacgttaggggtgcggtgcgcaagctgaatctagttgccggcatggcccatcatcgacggagtgtcaccgtgggtggtagct  
tcagggttttgttgcttaaactccaatgttcccagttgccggcatggtccatgcaagtgactaccctaagtttgaccactaatcaaa  
ataagtttgcttaaactccaatgttcccagttcccagttcccagttatcatttttctatta**AGGCCCTGTTTGATAACAAA**  
**GAATTTTCGAA**

**X – restriction site**



# Strategy

1. Libraries of single-stranded genomic DNA of barleys
2. Design biotinylated baits for MITE capture
3. Capture on streptavidin beads
4. **Design primers for polymorphic insertions**



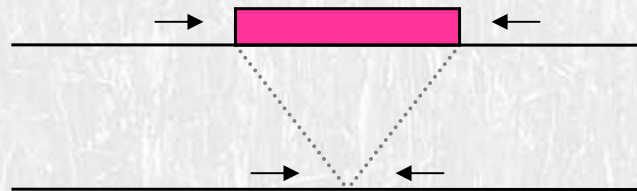
# Design primers for polymorphic insertions

## BLAST 3 MITEs on 2000 BACs from Morex

Get 1854 sequences MITE + flanks (~490bp) :

Icarus	323
Kerberos	354
Thalos	1154

Design 30 primer pairs to check presence of empty site and polymorphism in 20 barley varieties



*Nils Stein*



*Burkhard Steuernagel*

### Thalos site 1



### Thalos site 3



### Kerberos site 3



1. Arbalet
2. Astoria
3. Barke
4. NFC Tipple
5. Power
6. Prestige
7. Publican
8. Gustav
9. Justina
10. Kinnan
11. Minttu
12. Otira
13. Re kyl
14. Saana
15. Artturi
16. BOR00504
17. BOR00722
18. Botania
19. Edel
20. Jyvä



# Conclusions



# Conclusions

- Capture with oligos is not specific enough
- Capture with PCR products create troubles when baits remain after elution
- Problems should be solved with RNA/DNA hybridization and inverted PCR strategies
- Sequences from BAC clones to design markers



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